

# St. John the Evangelist Catholic Academy

*Part of the Newman Catholic Collegiate*



## **SEND Policy** 2023-2024

## **Special Educational Needs and Disability (SEND) Policy**

**Newman Catholic Collegiate Mission Statement:**

**‘Growing together for life’**

**SEND Co-ordinator: Natalie Meakin**

**Academy Committee SEND Representative: Rebecca Hugh**

### **Introduction**

St John the Evangelist Catholic Academy has a named SENCO who has undertaken the new Government SENCO qualification. They ensure that the school's Special Educational Needs policy works within the guidelines and inclusion policies of the Code of Practice (2014), the Local Education Authority and other policies current within the school.

All children have an equal right to a full and rounded education which will enable them to achieve their full potential. We use our best endeavours to secure special educational provision for pupils for whom this is required, that is 'additional to and different from' that provided within the differentiated curriculum to better respond to the four areas of need identified in the new Code of Practice (September 2014).

- **Communication and interaction** (including speech, language and communication needs (SLCN) and Autism Spectrum Disorder (ASD))
- **Cognition and learning** (Moderate learning difficulties (MLD), severe learning difficulties (SLD, profound and multiple learning difficulties (PMLD), specific learning difficulties (SpLD))
- **Social, mental and emotional health**
- **Sensory/physical** (Vision impairment (VI), hearing impairment (HI), multi-sensory impairment (MSI), physical disability (PD))

### **What are special educational needs?**

A child or young person has special educational needs if he or she has a learning difficulty or disability which calls for special educational provision to be made for him or her. A learning difficulty or disability is a significantly greater difficulty in learning than the majority of others of the same age. Special educational provision means educational or training provision that is additional to, or different from, that made generally for others of the same age in a mainstream setting in England.... Health care provision or social care provision which educates or trains a child or young person is to be treated as special educational provision. **Code of Practice 2014**

We recognise that some children may feel disadvantaged working alongside high achieving children. They may be offered additional support, through small group or 1:1 activities, in order to boost their skills level and confidence.

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The school recognises that the needs of high achieving children should also be catered for and recognised as a 'special educational need'.

This SEND policy details how, all staff at the school will do our best to ensure that the necessary provision is made for any pupil who has special educational needs or a disability and that those needs are known to all who are likely to work with them. We will ensure that teachers are able to identify and provide for those pupils with special educational needs or a disability, allowing them to join in all school activities together with pupils who do not have special educational needs or a disability.

### **Aims and objectives**

The aims of this policy are:

- to create an environment that meets the special educational needs and/or disability of each child in order that they can achieve their learning potential and engage in activities alongside pupils who do not have SEND
- to request, monitor and respond to parents/carers and pupils' views in order to evidence high levels of confidence and partnership
- to make clear the expectations of all partners in the process
- to ensure a high level of staff expertise to meet pupil need, through well targeted continuing professional development
- to ensure support for pupils with medical conditions (to provide full inclusion in all school activities) by ensuring consultation with health and social care professionals
- to identify the roles and responsibilities of all staff in providing for children's special educational needs
- through reasonable adjustments to enable all children to have full access to all elements of the school curriculum
- to work in cooperation and productive partnerships with the Local Education Authority and other outside agencies, to ensure there is a multi-professional approach to meeting the needs of all vulnerable learners

### **Equal Opportunities and Inclusion**

Through all subjects we ensure that the school meets the needs of all, taking account of gender, ethnicity, culture, religion, language, sexual orientation, age, ability, disability and social circumstances. It is important that in this school we meet the diverse needs of pupils to ensure inclusion for all and that all pupils are prepared for full participation in a multi-ethnic society. We also measure and assess the impact regularly through meetings with our SEND coordinator and individual teachers to ensure all children have equal access to succeeding in this subject.

Through appropriate curricular provision, we respect the fact that children:

- have different educational and behavioural needs and aspirations
- require different strategies for learning
- acquire, assimilate and communicate information at different rates
- need a range of different teaching approaches and experiences

Teachers respond to children's needs by:

- providing support for children who need help with communication, language and literacy

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- planning to develop children's understanding through the use of all available senses and experiences
- planning for children's full participation in learning, and in physical and practical activities
- helping children to manage and own their behaviour and to take part in learning effectively and safely
- helping individuals to manage their emotions, particularly trauma or stress, and to take part in learning.

### **Identification, Assessment and Provision**

Provision for children with special educational needs and/or a disability is a matter for the whole school. The governing body, the school's principal, the SENCO and all other members of staff, particularly class teachers and teaching assistants, have important day-to-day responsibilities. *All teachers are teachers of children with special educational needs and/or a disability.*

The school will assess each child's current levels of attainment on entry in order to ensure that they build on the patterns of learning and experience already established during the child's pre-school years. If the child already has an identified special educational need and/or disability, this information may be transferred from other partners in their Early Years setting and the class teacher and SENCO will use this information to:

- Provide starting points for the development of an appropriate curriculum.
- Identify and focus attention on action to support the child within the class.
- Use the assessment processes to identify any learning difficulties.
- Ensure ongoing observation and assessments provide regular feedback about the child's achievements and experiences to form the basis for planning the next steps of the child's learning.

The identification and assessment of the special educational needs and/or disability of children whose first language is not English requires particular care. Where there is uncertainty about a particular child, a teacher will look carefully at all aspects of the child's performance in different subjects to establish whether the problems are due to limitations in their command of English or arises from special educational needs.

### **'Assess, Plan, Do, Review'**

#### Assess

The class teacher will liaise with the SENCO to assess the child's needs. Parent views and the child's views will be taken into account. In some cases, we will talk to other professionals who work with the child and may seek advice from an educational psychologist, specialist teacher or health professional to help inform any assessments and planned support.

#### Plan

We will notify parents when the decision is made to provide a child with a Pupil Passport. The plan of support will be agreed with them and, where appropriate, the child. It will detail interventions and support to be put in place and the planned outcomes.

#### Do

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The class teacher is responsible for working with the child on a daily basis. This may mean that the child receives some 1:1 teaching or small group work. Teachers will also work closely with teaching assistants or specialist staff involved to link the interventions and plan of support to the classroom teaching. Teachers will track the progress of pupils. The SENCo will provide further support to staff to assess the child's strengths and weaknesses.

### **Review**

The plan will be reviewed regularly with the parent and child. The review should evaluate the effectiveness of the support, the quality and impact on the child's progress towards the agreed outcomes. This will be recorded on the pupil passport. The SENCo will regularly monitor these documents and advise staff accordingly.

### **The Role of The SENCO**

The Special Educational Needs Co-ordinator's [SENCO] responsibilities include:

- Overseeing the day-to-day operation of the school's SEND policy.
- Co-ordinating provision for children with SEND.
- Liaising with and advising fellow teachers.
- Overseeing the records of all children with SEN.
- Liaising with parents of children with SEND.
- Contributing to the in-service training of staff.
- Liaising with local high schools so that support is provided for Y6 pupils as they prepare to transfer.
- Liaising with external agencies including the LEA's support and educational psychology services, health and social services and voluntary bodies.
- Co-ordinating and developing school based strategies for the identification and review of children with SEND.
- Making regular visits to classrooms to monitor the progress of children on the SEND Register.

### **Monitoring Children's Progress**

The school's system for observing and assessing the progress of individual children will provide information about areas where a child is not progressing satisfactorily. Under these circumstances, teachers may need to consult the SENCO to consider what else might be done. This review might lead to the conclusion that the pupil requires help over and above that which is normally available within the particular class or subject.

The key test of the need for action is that current rates of progress are inadequate.

Adequate progress can be identified as that which:

- Prevents the attainment gap between the child and his peers from widening.
- Closes the attainment gap between the child and his peers.
- Better the child's previous rate of progress.
- Ensures access to the full curriculum.
- Demonstrates an improvement in self-help, social or personal skills.
- Demonstrates improvements in the child's behaviour.

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In order to help children with special educational needs and/or a disability, school staff will adopt a graduated response and follow the process of assess, plan, do and review. This may see us using specialist expertise if as a school we feel that our interventions are still not having an impact on the individual. The school will record the steps taken to meet the needs of individual children through the use of a Pupil Passport and review sheet/provision map and the SENCO will have responsibility for ensuring that records are kept and available when needed. If we refer a child for statutory assessment/Education Health and Care Plan, we will provide the LEA with a record of our work with the child to date.

***When any concern is initially noticed it is the responsibility of the class teacher to take steps to address the issue. Parents will be consulted and specific intervention put in place and monitored for a period of up to 6 weeks using the school format.*** If no progress is noted after this time the child may be monitored.

The class teacher after discussion with the SENCO will provide additional interventions that are additional to those provided as part of the school's differentiated curriculum and the child will be given individual learning targets which will be applied within the classroom. These targets will be monitored by the class teacher and teaching assistants within the class and reviewed formally with the SENCO, and young person. If little or no progress is made after one or two terms, the child will be added to the school SEND register with parental permission.

*Reasons for a child being added to the SEND register may include the fact that he/she:*

- Makes little or no progress, even when teaching approaches are targeted particularly in a child's identified area of weakness.
- Shows signs of difficulty in developing literacy or mathematics skills which result in poor attainment in some curriculum areas.
- Presents persistent emotional or behavioural difficulties which are not improved by the behaviour management techniques usually employed in the school.
- Has sensory or physical problems, and continues to make little or no progress, despite the provision of specialist equipment.
- Has communication and / or interaction difficulties, and continues to make little or no progress.

The following sources of assessment information are taken into account:

- Nursery – Baseline assessment
- Foundation Stage profiles
- Yr2/Yr6 – SATs
- Salford Standardised Reading Test
- BPVS
- PIRA, PUMA, GAPs assessments
- Yr3-Yr5 – Annual optional Mathematics/English tests
- Assessment of progression using teacher assessments/records

### **Partnership with parents**

Partnership plays a key role in enabling children and young people with SEND to achieve their potential. Parents hold key information and have knowledge and experience to contribute to the shared view of a child's needs. All parents of children

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with special educational needs and/or disability will be treated as partners and given support to play an active and valued role in their child's education.

Children and young people with special educational needs and/or a disability often have a unique knowledge of their own needs and their views about what sort of help they would like. They will be encouraged to contribute to the assessment of their needs, the review and transition process.

The school website contains details of our SEND Information Report and links to the Local Authority offer, which includes the arrangements made for children in our school with special educational needs and/or a disability.

At all stages of the special needs process, the school keeps parents fully informed and involved. We take account of the wishes, feelings and knowledge of parents at all stages.

We encourage parents to make an active contribution to their child's education and have regular meetings each term to share the progress of special needs children with their parents. We inform the parents of any outside intervention, and share the process of decision-making by providing clear information relating to the education of their child. Parents always have access to the SENCO through contacting the school office.

### **Admission Arrangements**

See admissions policy.

### **Transition Arrangements**

Transition arrangements for supporting children and young people in starting school, moving between year groups and schools. For children with SEND specific arrangements may be put into place to support their additional needs.

### **The Nature of Intervention**

The child's class teacher in conjunction with the SENCO will decide on the action needed to help the child progress in the light of earlier assessments. This may include:

- Different learning materials or specialist equipment.
- Some group or individual support, which may involve small groups of children being withdrawn to work with TA support or other 1:1 interventions such as Precision Teaching.
- Extra adult time to devise/administer the nature of the planned intervention and also to monitor its effectiveness.
- Staff development and training to introduce more effective strategies.

After initial discussions with the SENCO, the child's class teacher will be responsible for working with the child on a daily basis and ensuring delivery of any individualised programme in the classroom. Parents will continue to be consulted and kept informed of the action taken to help their child, and of the outcome of any action. Parents will be invited to meet regularly with the class teacher and/or SENCO.

The SENCO will support further assessment of the child where necessary, assisting in planning for their future needs in discussion with colleagues and parents.

### **The use of outside agencies**

These services may become involved if a child continues to make little or no progress despite considerable input and adaptations. They will use the child's records in order to establish which strategies have already been employed, which targets have previously been set and the success of these.

The external specialist may act in an advisory capacity, or provide additional specialist assessment or be involved in teaching the child directly. The child's individual targets will set out strategies for supporting the child's progress. These will be implemented, at least in part, in the normal classroom setting. The delivery of the interventions recorded in the pupil passport continues to be the responsibility of the class teacher.

*Outside agencies may become involved if the child:*

- Continues to make little or no progress in specific areas over a long period.
- Continues working at National Curriculum levels substantially below that expected of children of a similar age.
- Continues to have difficulty in developing literacy and mathematical skills.
- Has emotional or behavioural difficulties which regularly and substantially interfere with the child's own learning or that of the class group.
- Has sensory or physical needs and requires additional specialist equipment or regular advice or visits by a specialist service.
- Has ongoing communication or interaction difficulties that impede the development of social relationships and cause substantial barriers to learning.
- Despite having received intervention, the child continues to fall behind the level of his peers.

### **School Request for Education Health and Care Plans (from September 2014)**

A request will be made by the school to the LEA if the child has demonstrated significant cause for concern after several cycles of assess, plan, do, review and the involvement of outside agencies as necessary. The LEA will be given information about the child's progress over time, and will also receive documentation in relation to the child's special educational needs and any other action taken to deal with those needs, including any resources or special arrangements put in place.

*The evidence will include:*

- Previous individual pupil passports and targets for the pupil.
- Records of regular reviews and their outcomes.
- Records of the child's health and medical history where appropriate.
- National Curriculum attainment levels in literacy and numeracy.
- Education and other assessments, for example from an advisory specialist support teacher or educational psychologist.
- Views of the child and parents.

The parents of any child who is referred for EHC Plans will be kept fully informed of the progress of the referral. Children already with a EHC plan will be reviewed each term in addition to the statutory annual assessment. When this coincides with transfer to high school, the SENCO from the high school will be informed of the outcome of the review.

### **Pupil Passports**

Strategies employed to enable the child to progress will be recorded within a pupil passport. These will include information about:

- The short term targets set for the child.
- The teaching strategies to be used.
- The provision to be put in place.
- How the targets will help the child in their learning
- What they are responsible for
- How the child can be successful
- The review date
- Review information is stored on the school system and updated regularly by teachers and teaching assistants
- The child's views will be sought and taken into account, as will those of the parents, whose support is vital if progress is to be achieved and maintained.

### **Access to the Curriculum**

All children have an entitlement to a broad and balanced curriculum, which is differentiated to enable children to understand the relevance and purpose of learning activities and experience levels of understanding and rates of progress that bring feelings of success and achievement.

Teachers use a range of strategies to meet children's special educational needs and/or disability. Lessons have clear learning objectives and staff differentiate work appropriately, and use assessment to inform the next stage of learning. Pupil passports, which employ a small-steps approach, feature significantly in the provision that we make in the school. By breaking down the existing levels of attainment into finely graded steps and targets, we ensure that children experience success. All children on the special needs register have a pupil passport with individual targets.

We support children in a manner that acknowledges their entitlement to share the same learning experiences that their peers enjoy. Wherever possible, we do not withdraw children from the classroom situation. There are times though when, to maximise learning, we ask the children to work in small groups, or in a one-to-one situation outside the classroom.

### **Allocation of resources**

The SENCO is responsible for the operational management of the specified and agreed resourcing for special needs provision within the school, including the provision for children with Education Health and Care plans.

The principal informs the governing body of how the funding allocated to support Special Educational Needs has been employed.

The principal and the SENCO meet annually to agree on how to use funds directly related to EHC Plans.

### **The role of the governing body**

**The governing body challenges the school and its members to secure necessary provision for any pupil identified as having special educational needs and/or a disability. They ask probing questions to ensure all teachers are aware of the importance of providing for these children and ensure that funds and resources are used effectively.**

The governing body has decided that children with special educational needs and/or a disability will be admitted to the school in line with the school's agreed admissions policy.

The Governing Body reviews this policy annually and considers any amendments in light of the annual review findings. The Principal reports the outcome of the review to the full governing body.

### **Monitoring and evaluation**

The SENCO monitors the movement of children within the SEND system in school and provides staff and governors with regular summaries of the impact of the policy on the practice of the school. They are involved in supporting teachers and in drawing up Pupil Passports for children. The SENCO and the Principal hold regular meetings to review the work of the school in this area. In addition, the SENCO and the named governor with responsibility for special needs also hold regular meeting.

### **Compliance**

This policy complies with the statutory requirement laid out in the SEND Code of Practice 0-25 and has been written with reference to the following guidance and documents:

- Children and Families Act 2014
- Equality Act 2010

**Date: 4/9/2023**

**To be reviewed: 3/9/2024**